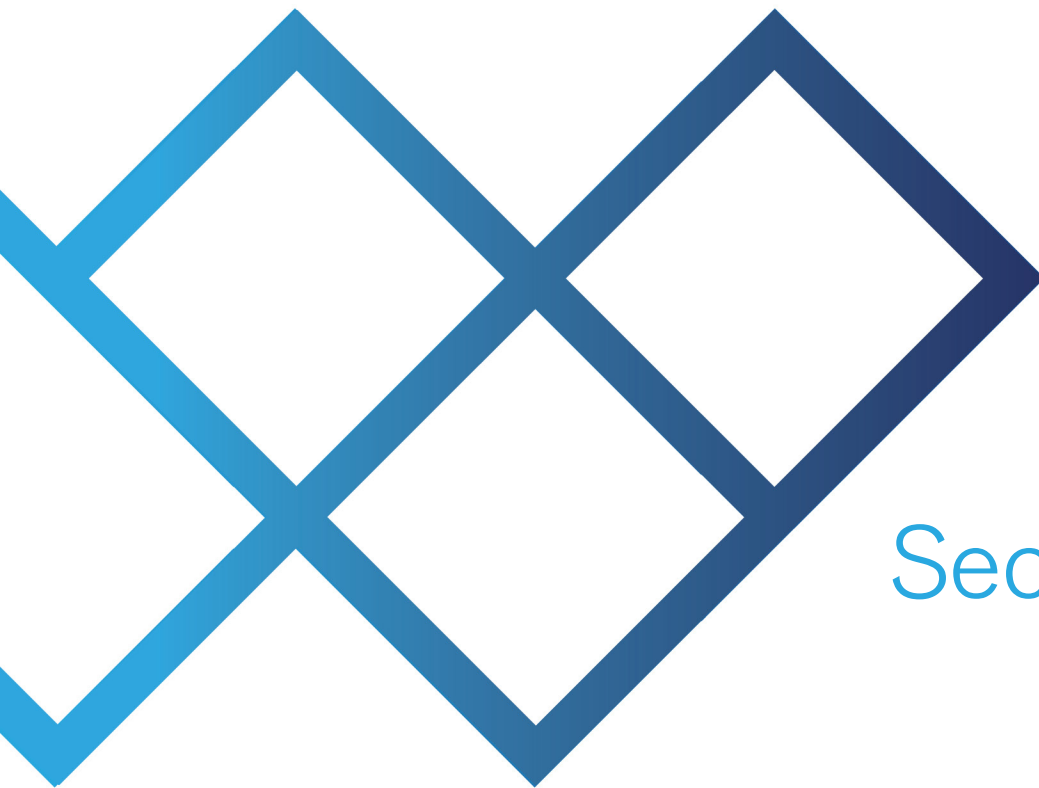




WESTEND
Advisors

A VICTORY CAPITAL® INVESTMENT FRANCHISE



A Look at GICS® Sector Revisions in 2023

Refining, Not Retooling Categories

March 2023

GICS® Changes Overview

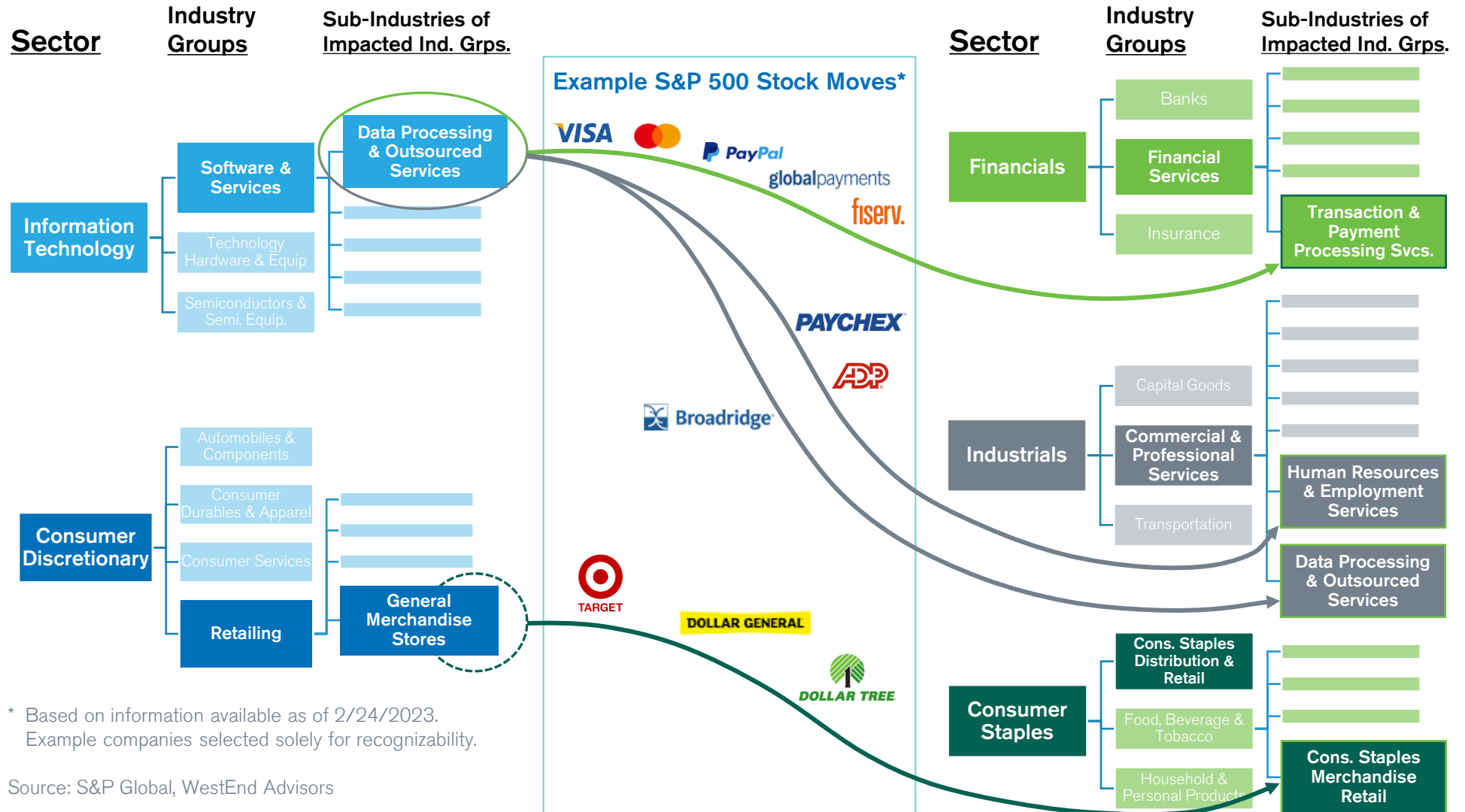
- **The Global Industry Classification System, or GICS®**, was developed in 1999 as a collaboration between two leading index providers, S&P Financial Services LLC and MSCI, which still jointly maintain and administer GICS®
- **Updates to GICS® are normal:** Historically, the GICS® framework has been updated about every two years, on average
- **An update was overdue:** The gap of about 4.5 years since the last update in 2018 is the longest period without an update since GICS® inception
- **The 2023 GICS® changes:**
 - Are effective after market close March 17, 2023
 - Reflect multiple definition adjustments to Industry Groups, Industries, and Sub-Industries
 - Create no new sectors, have limited changes to broad sector definitions, and only shift about 3.9% of S&P 500 market cap between sectors*

Adjustments to GICS® are routine, and typically have been implemented every few years to keep categorizations aligned with evolving industry characteristics and business models.

Source: S&P Global, WestEnd Advisors

* Pre-change and pro forma weights based on S&P 500 constituent weights as of February 24, 2023.

Key Sector-to-Sector Moves*

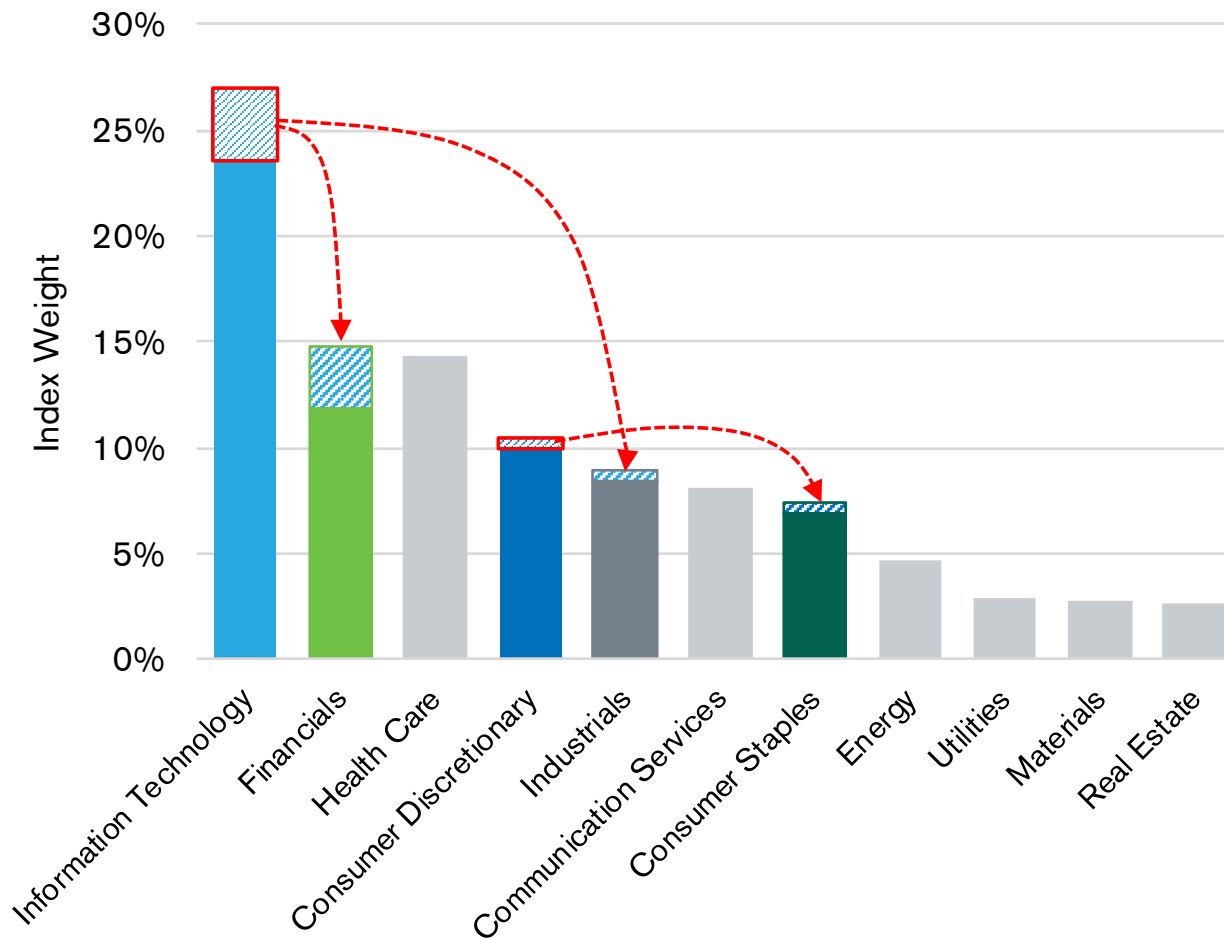


* Based on information available as of 2/24/2023.
Example companies selected solely for recognizability.

Source: S&P Global, WestEnd Advisors

A Modest Flattening of Sector Size Distribution

S&P 500 SECTOR WEIGHTS PRE-CHANGE AND PRO FORMA*



Reducing the size of the Information Technology, the largest sector, can allow more room to overweight the sector within a strategy's investment guidelines, when deemed appropriate.

Sources: Bloomberg, S&P Global, WestEnd Advisors

* Pre-change and pro forma weights based on S&P 500 constituent weights as of February 24, 2023.

GICS® Change Summary by Sector*

Sector	Key Takeaways
Consumer Discretionary	Sector shrinks as some General Merchandise Stores moved to Consumer Staples sector
Consumer Staples	Sector grows modestly with increased diversification through addition of some General Merchandise Stores from Consumer Discretionary sector
Information Technology	Sector shrinks, left with more pure hardware/software focus after removal of outsourced data and payment processors
Financials	Grows to be second-largest sector , with about 1/5 of reconstituted sector from the addition of credit card processors, which typically have had higher EPS growth and valuations than many traditional Financials sector constituents
Industrials	Sector grows modestly, but may have increased diversification with addition of outsourced data/payroll processors
Real Estate	No change at sector level , but internal reorganization provides additional granularity at Industry Group, Industry, and Sub-Industry levels

Source: S&P Global, WestEnd Advisors

* Pre-change and pro forma weights based on S&P 500 constituent weights as of February 24, 2023. See Appendix for additional details.

Impact on Our Investment Process

We view these changes as a modest net positive for WestEnd's macroeconomically-driven sector investment approach.

Likely positives for sector-based investing:

- Reduction of the size of Information Technology, the largest sector, leaves greater room within strategy guidelines for overweighting the sector when deemed appropriate
- Information Technology and Consumer Discretionary sectors become less diverse, which may make them more responsive to specific economic drivers

Other changes likely have limited net impact on our view of sectors, e.g.:

- Moving some General Merchandise Stores from Consumer Discretionary may reduce that sector's diversification, but increases diversification in their new sector, Consumer Staples
- Modest shifts in expected earnings growth rates and valuations for the affected sectors are unlikely to have a significant impact on primary sector drivers or our current ETF portfolios' characteristics

The incremental nature of these GICS® changes limits their impact on our sector-focused investment process, though factors like the reduced size of the Information Technology sector and its narrower concentration on tech hardware and software are likely positives.

Appendix

Additional detail on GICS® changes by sector

GICS® Change Details – Multiple Refinements*

Sector	Summary of Notable Changes (excludes simple name changes)	Key Takeaways
Consumer Discretionary	<p>Reorganization of Retail industry group, renamed Consumer Discretionary Distribution & Retail:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Portion of former General Merchandise sub-industry moved to Consumer Staples sector • Consolidation of former Internet & Direct Marketing Retail industry, Department Stores sub-industry, and remainder of General Merchandise Stores sub-industry under new Broadline Retail sub-industry 	Sector shrinks as some General Merchandise Stores moved to Consumer Staples sector
Consumer Staples	<p>Reorg. of Food & Staples Retailing industry group, renamed Consumer Staples Distribution & Retail:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Former Hypermarkets & Super Centers sub-industry renamed Consumer Staples Merchandise Retail and redefined • Adds new constituents from former Cons. Discretionary General Merchandise Stores sub-industry 	Sector grows modestly with increased diversification from addition of some General Merchandise Stores from Cons. Discretionary sector
Information Technology	<p>Elimination of Data Processing & Outsourced Services sub-industry:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Credit card processors moved to Financials sector • Commercial data/payroll processors moved to Industrials sector 	Sector shrinks, left with more pure hardware/software focus after removal of outsourced data and payment processors
Financials	<p>Multiple sub-industries reorganized, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New Transaction & Payment Processing Services sub-industry receiving credit card processors from Information Technology Sector • Elimination of Thrifts & Mortgage Finance industry; mortgage companies moved to new sub-industry within Financial Services industry 	Grows to be second-largest sector , with about 1/5 of reconstituted sector from the addition of credit card processors, which typically have had higher EPS growth and valuations than many traditional Financials sector constituents
Industrials	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sub-industry adjustments to accommodate business data/payroll processing companies: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • New Data Processing & Outsourced Services sub-industry for outsourced data and business process companies • Redefined Human Resources & Employment Services sub-industry adds payroll processors • Adjustments to sub-industries within renamed Ground Transportation industry 	Sector grows modestly, but may have increased diversification with addition of outsourced data/payroll processors
Real Estate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • REITs and Real Estate Management & Development breakout moved to industry group from industry level • REITs reorganized with greater industry and sub-industry granularity by real estate asset type 	No change at sector level , but internal reorganization provides additional granularity at Industry Group, Industry, and Sub-Industry levels

Source: S&P Global, WestEnd Advisors

* Pre-change and pro forma weights based on S&P 500 constituent weights as of February 24, 2023.

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Footnotes & Disclosures

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The Standard and Poor’s 500 Stock Index includes 500 stocks and is a common measure of the performance of the overall U.S. stock market. The MSCI ACWI consists of 47 country indexes comprising 23 developed and 24 emerging market country indexes. The total return of the MSCI ACWI (Net) Index is calculated using net dividends. Net total return reflects the reinvestment of dividends after the deduction of withholding taxes, using (for international indices) a tax rate applicable to non-resident institutional investors who do not benefit from double taxation treaties. An index is unmanaged and is not available for direct investment.

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